3-5 Equations with the Variable on Both Sides

Objective: To solve equations with the variable on both sides.

Solve 5x = 2x + 15. Example 1

Solution
$$5x - 2x = 2x + 15 - 2x$$
 Subtract $2x$ from each s
$$x = 5$$

Check:
$$5(5) \stackrel{?}{=} 2(5) + 15$$

$$25 \stackrel{?}{=} 10 + 15$$

 $25 = 25 \checkmark$

The solution set is $\{5\}$.

Example 2 Solve
$$4x = 30 - x$$
.

Solution
$$4x + x = 30 - x + x$$
 Add x to each side.
 $5x = 30$
 $x = 6$ The solution set is $\{6\}$.

Solve.

1.
$$5n = 3n + 8$$

$$2. 7a = 2a + 30$$

3.
$$y = 20 - 3y$$

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 4. $3b = 80 - 5b$

5.
$$10n = 36 - 2n$$

1.
$$5n = 3n + 8$$
 2. $7a = 2a + 30$ **5.** $10n = 36 - 2n$ **6.** $2x = 20 - 8x$

7.
$$21a = 56 + 7a$$

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 8. $30 + 6x = 12x$

9.
$$-9a = -12a - 45$$
 10. $33c + 60 = 21c$ 11. $72 - 4n = -22n$ 12. $-11a = -12a - 21$

10.
$$33c + 60 = 21c$$

$$11. 72 - 4n = -22n$$

12.
$$-11a = -12a - 2$$

Example 3 Solve
$$\frac{2}{5}x + 12 = x$$
.

Solution
$$\frac{2}{5}x + 12 - \frac{2}{5}x = x - \frac{2}{5}x$$
 Subtract $\frac{2}{5}x$ from each side.

Subtract
$$\frac{2}{5}x$$
 from each side

$$12 = \frac{5}{5}x - \frac{2}{5}x$$

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 Rewrite 1x as $\frac{5}{5}x$.

$$12 = \frac{3}{5}x$$

$$\frac{5}{3} \cdot \frac{12}{1} = \frac{5}{3} \left(\frac{3}{5} x \right)$$

Multiply each side by
$$\frac{5}{3}$$
, the reciprocal of $\frac{3}{5}$.

The solution set is
$$\{20\}$$
.

Example 4 Solve
$$\frac{6+x}{3} = x$$
.

$$3\left(\frac{6+x}{3}\right) = 3 \cdot x$$

$$3\left(\frac{6+x}{3}\right) = 3 \cdot x$$
 Multiply each side by 3, the reciprocal of $\frac{1}{3}$.

$$6 + x = 3x$$
$$6 + x - x = 3x - x$$

$$6 = 2x$$

$$3 = x$$

3-5 Equations with the Variable on Both Sides (continued)

Solve.

13.
$$\frac{2}{3}x - 5 = x$$
 14. $\frac{3}{4}x - 8 = x$ 15. $x = \frac{1}{2}x + 7$

14.
$$\frac{3}{4}x - 8 = x$$

15.
$$x = \frac{1}{2}x + 7$$

$$16. \ x = \frac{4}{5}x - 9$$

17.
$$\frac{x-2}{3} = x$$

18.
$$\frac{3+y}{4} = y$$

17.
$$\frac{x-2}{3} = x$$
 18. $\frac{3+y}{4} = y$ 19. $y = \frac{7-2y}{5}$

20.
$$x = \frac{9+x}{4}$$

Vocabulary

Empty set or null set The set with no members.

Identity An equation that is true for every value of the variable(s).

Symbol

 ϕ (empty set, or the null set)

CAUTION

An equation may have no solution, or it may be satisfied by every real number.

Example 5

a.
$$5(a-2)-3=3a+7+2a$$
 b. $\frac{1}{3}(24x-15)=8x-5$

b.
$$\frac{1}{3}(24x - 15) = 8x - 5$$

Solution

a.
$$5a - 10 - 3 = 5a + 7$$

 $5a - 13 = 5a + 7$
 $-13 = 7 \leftarrow$ **b.** $8x - 5 = 8x - 5 \leftarrow$ **Identity**

An identity is true for every value of the variable.

An identity is true for every value of the variable.

The equation has no solution.

The solution set is {real numbers}.

Solve each equation. If the equation is an identity or if it has no solution, write identity or no solution.

21.
$$2(x-3)=5x$$

22.
$$4(y - 5) = 9y$$

23.
$$3n = 6(3 - n)$$

24.
$$-3m = 5(2 - m)$$

25.
$$2(a-1) = 2a + 3$$

24.
$$-3m = 5(2 - m)$$
 25. $2(a - 1) = 2a + 3$ **26.** $\frac{1}{4}(28x - 8) = 7x - 2$

$$27. \ \frac{1}{3}(3x - 3) + 2 = 2x$$

28.
$$4(a-1)-5=3a+7$$

27.
$$\frac{1}{3}(3x-3)+2=2x$$
 28. $4(a-1)-5=3a+7$ **29.** $3(5+y)-y=2y+15$

30.
$$4a + 7 + a = 3(a - 1)$$
 31. $\frac{3n - 15}{4} = 2n$

$$31. \ \frac{3n-15}{4} = 2n$$

32.
$$\frac{2n-9}{2}=n$$

Mixed Review Exercises

Simplify.

1.
$$3 + \left(-\frac{1}{3}\right) + \left(-\frac{5}{3}\right)$$
 2. $-2\frac{3}{4} + 1\frac{1}{4}$

2.
$$-2\frac{3}{4} + 1\frac{1}{4}$$

4.
$$15x + (-3x) - 2$$

5.
$$-4y + 5 + 18y + 23$$

6.
$$6(-2)(-5)(-4)$$

Solve.

7.
$$-2 - x = 5$$

8.
$$4 + (1 + k) = 2$$

9.
$$3x = -276$$

10.
$$\frac{1}{2}x = 3\frac{1}{2}$$

11.
$$\frac{x}{6} = 7$$

$$12. -10\frac{2}{3} = -\frac{1}{3}x$$